#### **U.S. Department of Labor**

Employment Standards Administration Office of Labor-Management Standards Pittsburgh District Office 1000 Liberty Avenue Room 1411 Pittsburgh, PA 15222 (412)395-6925 Fax: (412)395-5409



February 14, 2008

Mr. Mark Prokopovich, Treasurer Carpenters, Ind. Local 922 38 Anthony Wayne Terrace Baden, PA 15005

LM File Number 541-294 Case Number:

Dear Mr. Prokopovich:

This office has recently completed an audit of Carpenters Local 922 under the Compliance Audit Program (CAP) to determine your organization's compliance with the provisions of the Labor-Management Reporting and Disclosure Act of 1959 (LMRDA). As discussed during the exit interview with you on February 11, 2008, the following problems were disclosed during the CAP. The matters listed below are not an exhaustive list of all possible problem areas since the audit conducted was limited in scope.

# Recordkeeping Violations

Title II of the LMRDA establishes certain reporting and recordkeeping requirements. Section 206 requires, among other things, that labor organizations maintain adequate records for at least five years by which each receipt and disbursement of funds, as well as all account balances, can be verified, explained, and clarified. As a general rule, labor organizations must maintain all records used or received in the course of union business.

For disbursements, this includes not only original bills, invoices, receipts, vouchers, and applicable resolutions, but also documentation showing the nature of the union business requiring the disbursement, the goods or services received, and the identity of the recipient(s) of the goods or services. In most instances, this documentation requirement can be satisfied with a sufficiently descriptive expense receipt or invoice. If an expense receipt is not sufficiently descriptive, a union officer or employee should write a note on it providing the additional information. For money it receives, the labor organization must keep at least one record showing the date, amount, purpose, and source of that money. The labor organization must also retain bank records for all accounts.

The audit of Local 922's 2007 records revealed the following recordkeeping violations:

#### 1. Officer and Employee Expenses

Local 922 did not retain adequate documentation for reimbursed expenses totaling at least \$365.25. For example, Financial Secretary Greg Cantelmi was reimbursed \$194.25 for stamps but did not maintain receipts. Business Agent Dennis Rousseau received \$171.00 for a hotel reimbursement; however, no receipt was retained in support of that payment. In addition, Local 922 reimbursed a caterer \$875.00 for a Christmas dinner but did not maintain adequate documentation to support the disbursement. As previously noted above, labor organizations must retain original receipts, bills, and vouchers for all disbursements. The president and treasurer (or corresponding principal officers) of your union, who are required to sign your union's LM report, are responsible for properly maintaining union records.

# 2. Lost Wages

Local 922 did not retain adequate documentation for lost wage reimbursement payments to Recording Secretary Mary Fedorchak for her travel to the annual convention. The union must maintain records in support of lost wage claims that identify each date lost wages were incurred, the number of hours lost on each date, the applicable rate of pay, and a description of the union business conducted. The OLMS audit found that Local 922 identified the total amount of wages to be paid to Mrs. Fedorchak but did not identify the number of hours lost or the applicable rate of pay.

#### 3. Disposition of Property

Local 922 did not maintain an inventory of hats, jackets, and other property it purchased, sold, or gave away. The union must report the value of any union property on hand at the beginning and end of each year in Item 30 (Other Assets) of the LM-3. The union must retain an inventory or similar record of property on hand to verify, clarify, and explain the information that must be reported in Item 30. The union must record in at least one record the date and amount received from each sale of union hats, jackets and other items.

Based on your assurance that Local 922 will retain adequate documentation in the future, OLMS will take no further enforcement action at this time regarding the above violations.

#### **Reporting Violations**

The audit disclosed a violation of LMRDA Section 201(b), which requires labor organizations to file annual financial reports accurately disclosing their financial condition and operations. The Labor Organization Annual Report (Form LM-3) filed by Local 922 for fiscal year ending June 30, 2007, was deficient in the following areas:

# 1. Acquire/Dispose of Property

Item 13 [LM-3] (During the reporting period did your organization acquire or dispose of any assets in any manner other than by purchase or sale?) should have been answered, "Yes," because the union gave away t-shirts and mugs totaling more than \$1,805.96 during the year. The union must identify the type and value of any property received or given away in the additional information section of the LM report along with the identity of the recipient(s) or donor(s) of such property. The union does not have to itemize every recipient of such giveaways by name. The union can describe the recipients by broad categories if appropriate such as "members" or "new retirees." In addition, the union must report the cost, book value, and trade-in allowance for assets that it traded in.

### 2. Disbursements to Officers

Local 922 did not report the names of some officers and the total amounts of payments to them or on their behalf in Item 24 (All Officers and Disbursements to Officers). The union must report in Item 24 all persons who held office during the year, regardless of whether they received any payments from the union.

The union must report most direct disbursements to Local 922 officers and some indirect disbursements made on behalf of its officers in Item 24. A "direct disbursement" to an officer is a payment made to an officer in the form of cash, property, goods, services, or other things of value. See the instructions for Item 24 for a discussion of certain direct disbursements to officers that do not have to be reported in Item 24. An "indirect disbursement" to an officer is a payment to another party (including a credit card company) for cash, property, goods, services, or other things of value received by or on behalf of an officer. However, indirect disbursements for temporary lodging (such as a union check issued to a hotel) or for transportation by a public carrier (such as an airline) for an officer traveling on union business should be reported in Item 48 (Office and Administrative Expense).

#### 3. Cash Reconciliation

It appears that the cash figures reported in Item 25 are not the cash figures according to the union's books after reconciliation to the bank statements. The instructions for Item 25 state that the union should obtain account balances from its books as reconciled to the balances shown on bank statements.

I am not requiring that Local 922 file an amended LM report for 2007 to correct the deficient items, but Local 922 has agreed to properly report the deficient items on all future reports it files with OLMS.

I want to extend my personal appreciation to Carpenters Local 922 for the cooperation and courtesy extended during this compliance audit. I strongly recommend that you make sure this letter and the compliance assistance materials provided to you are passed on to future officers. If we can provide any additional assistance, please do not hesitate to call.

Sincerely,

Investigator

cc: Mary Fedorchak, Recording Secretary Greg Cantelmi, Financial Secretary