#### **U.S. Department of Labor**

Employment Standards Administration Office of Labor-Management Standards Denver District Office, Suite 2435 1999 Broadway Denver, CO 80202-5712 (720) 264-3232 Fax:(720) 264-3230



November 13, 2009 Ms. Lorraine J. Chambers, Secretary-Treasurer Rural Letter Carriers Association, Colorado 2241 South Uravan Street Aurora, CO 80013-4249

> LM File Number: 090-362 Case Number:

Dear Ms. Chambers:

This office has recently completed an audit of Rural Letter Carriers Association, Colorado at 2241 South Uravan Street under the Compliance Audit Program (CAP) to determine your organization's compliance with the provisions of the Labor-Management Reporting and Disclosure Act of 1959 (LMRDA). As discussed during the exit interview with you on November 3, 2009, the following problems were disclosed during the CAP. The matters listed below are not an exhaustive list of all possible problem areas since the audit conducted was limited in scope.

# Recordkeeping Violations

Title II of the LMRDA establishes certain reporting and recordkeeping requirements. Section 206 requires, among other things, that labor organizations maintain adequate records for at least five years by which each receipt and disbursement of funds, as well as all account balances, can be verified, explained, and clarified. As a general rule, labor organizations must maintain all records used or received in the course of union business.

For disbursements, this includes not only original bills, invoices, receipts, vouchers, and applicable resolutions, but also documentation showing the nature of the union business requiring the disbursement, the goods or services received, and the identity of the recipient(s) of the goods or services. In most instances, this documentation requirement can be satisfied with a sufficiently descriptive expense receipt or invoice. If an expense receipt is not sufficiently descriptive, a union officer or employee should write a note on it providing the additional information. For money it receives, the labor organization must keep at least one record showing the date, amount, purpose, and source of that money. The labor organization must also retain bank records for all accounts.

The audit of the association's 2009 records revealed the following recordkeeping violations:

# 1. Officer and Employee Expenses

Union officers and employees failed to retain adequate documentation for approximately \$3,000 in reimbursed expenses which were indirect disbursements made by the union. The date, amount, and business purpose of every expense must be recorded on at least one union record. In addition, the names of individuals present for meal expenses paid for by the union and the locations (name of restaurants) where the meal expenses were incurred must also be recorded.

With respect to documentation retained in support of specific disbursements, the record retention requirement includes not only the retention of original bills, invoices, receipts, and vouchers, but also additional documentation, if necessary, showing the nature of the union business requiring the disbursement, the goods or services received, and all the recipients of the goods or services. In most instances, this documentation requirement can be most easily satisfied with a sufficiently descriptive receipt. If a receipt is not sufficiently descriptive, a note can be written on it providing the additional information. An exception may be made only in those cases where 1) other equally descriptive documentation has been maintained, and 2) there is evidence of actual oversight and control over disbursements.

#### 2. Reimbursed Auto Expenses

Union officers and employees who received reimbursement for business use of their personal vehicles did not retain adequate documentation to support payments to them totaling at least \$3,000 during 2009. The union must maintain records, which identify the dates of travel, locations traveled to and from, and number of miles driven. The record must also show the business purpose of each use of a personal vehicle for business travel by an officer or employee who was reimbursed for mileage expenses.

As agreed, provided the association maintains adequate documentation in the future, OLMS will take no further enforcement action at this time regarding the above violation.

# **Reporting Violation**

The audit disclosed a violation of LMRDA Section 201(b), which requires labor organizations to file annual financial reports accurately disclosing their financial condition and operations. The Labor Organization Annual Report Form LM-2 filed by the association for fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, was deficient in that:

# Failure to File Bylaws

The audit disclosed a violation of LMRDA Section 201(a), which requires that a union submit a copy of its revised constitution and bylaws with its LM report when it makes changes to its constitution or bylaws. The Association amended its constitution and bylaws in 2008, but did not file a copy with its LM report for that year.

The association has now filed a copy of its constitution and bylaws.

#### Other Issue

# Two Signatures

Requiring two signatures is an effective internal control of union funds. Its purpose is to attest to the authenticity of a completed document already signed. OLMS recommends that the association review these procedures to improve internal control of union funds.

I want to extend my personal appreciation to Rural Letter Carriers Association for the cooperation and courtesy extended during this compliance audit. I strongly recommend that you make sure this letter and the compliance assistance materials provided to you are passed on to future officers. If we can provide any additional assistance, please do not hesitate to call.

Sincerely,

Investigator

cc: Mr. Robert A. Brant, President